

Shurley English at a Glance

<u>NOUN</u>	<u>SUBJECT NOUN</u>	SN	Person, Place, Thing, Idea that is the subject of the sentence. It DOES the action.	Who or what does the action. Who swam? Who yelled? Who laughed?	<u>person</u>	<u>place</u>	<u>thing</u>	<u>idea</u>	
					boy	zoo	cat	love	
	<u>OBJECT OF THE PREPOSITION</u>	OP	Person, Place, Thing, Idea that is connected to the sentence by a Preposition		player	store	book	creativity	
					friend	school	desk	humor	
<u>VERB</u>		V	Main Verb (Action word)	What is being said about (SN)?	Run, jump, play, laugh, yell, toss, hug, go, write				
		HV	Helping Verb	Helps the main verb- is found directly in front of the main verb or at the beginning of the sentence to create an interrogative sentence	am, is, are, was, were, be, being, been has, have, had, do, does, did might, must, may can, could, would, should shall, will				
<u>ADVERB</u>		ADV	Describes a Verb, Adjective, or another Adverb	How? When? Where?	<u>How?</u>	<u>When?</u>	<u>Where?</u>		
					Quickly	Now	Inside		
					Loudly	Later	Here		
					Very	Yesterday	Outside		
<u>ADJECTIVE</u>	<u>ADJECTIVE</u>	ADJ	Describes a noun or a pronoun	What kind? Which one? How many?	<u>What kind?</u>	<u>Which one</u>	<u>How many?</u>		
					Yellow	This	All		
						Pretty	That	Several	
						Noisy	These	Five	
	<u>ARTICLE ADJECTIVE</u>	A	Marks a noun	A, an, the					
<u>POSSESSIVE PRONOUN ADJECTIVE</u>	PPA	A pronoun that shows possession/ownership over a noun.	It modifies a noun with the question "Whose _____?"			My, our, his, her, its, their, your			
<u>POSSESSIVE NOUN ADJECTIVE</u>	PNA	A noun that shows possession/ownership over another noun.	It modifies a noun with the question "Whose _____?"			Lucas's _____ Mother's _____ Sheila's _____			

Shurley English at a Glance

<u>PREPOSITION</u>		P	Beginning of a prepositional phrase. It links a noun to the rest of the sentence. Can look like an ADVERB, but it will have an object associated with it.	INTO the woods. ON the table AROUND the corner IN the basket	
<u>Pronoun</u>	<u>SUBJECT PRONOUN</u>	SP	A pronoun that takes the place of a subject noun	Still asks the subject question: Who/What did the action?	I, we, he, she, it, they, you
<u>Conjunction</u>		C	Connects two or more same parts of speech	When two or more words answer the same question from the question and answer flow, they are joined by a conjunction. The words being joined are called "compound" and have a "C" written in front of their normal label. Ex: SN = CSN	and, but, or
<u>Interjection</u>		I	Word or words usually at the beginning of a sentence that express mild or strong feeling	A word or words followed by an exclamation mark or a comma	Oops! Hurray! Well, Yay!

<u>Type</u>	<u>End Mark</u>	<u>Structure</u>	<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Example</u>
Declarative	.	Statement	D	The ball is yellow.
Imperative	.	Command	Imp	Go to your room.
Interrogative	?	Question	Int	Can I have a popsicle?
Exclamatory	!	Strong Feeling	E	I love unicorns!